

İŞ YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ (Previously İŞ B TİPİ YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ)

Financial Statements
As At And For The Six Months Period Ended
30 June 2014 With
Independent Auditors' Review Report Thereon

(Convenience Translation of Interim Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish)

> Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

1 August 2014

This report contains 1 page of independent auditors' review report and 36 pages of interim financial statements and explanatory notes.

İş Yatırım Ortaklığı Anonim Şirketi

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Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

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Convenience Translation of the Independent Auditors' Review Report As at 30 June 2014 Originally Prepared and Issued in Turkish (See Note 2.1.1)

To the Board of Directors of İş Yatırım Ortaklığı Anonim Şirketi,

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim statement of financial position of İş Yatırım Ortaklığı Anonim Şirketi (Previously "İş B Tipi Yatırım Ortaklığı Anonim Şirketi") ("the Company") as at 30 June 2014, the interim statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information does not give a true and fair view of the financial position of the İş Yatırım Ortaklığı Anonim Şirketi as at 30 June 2014, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standarts.

İstanbul, 1 August 2014

Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

Erdal Tıkmak,

Partner

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English:

As explained in note 2.1, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position of the Company and results of its operations in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Turkey.

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İŞ YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI AŞ STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET) AS OF 30 JUNE 2014

	Notes	Reviewed	Audited
		30 June 2014	31 December 2013
ASSETS			
Current Assets		248.092.792	261.775.234
Cash and cash equivalents	3	11.926.423	9.924.240
Investment securities	4	234.652.073	248.249.495
Trade receivables	5	1.511.408	3.596.261
Due from third parties	5	1.511.408	3.596.261
Other current assets	11	2.888	5.238
Non-current Assets		100.287	101.615
Investment securities	4	1	1
Tangible assets	7	79.514	92.622
Intangible assets	8	20.772	8.992
TOTAL ASSETS		248.193.079	261.876.849
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities		268.681	1.084.81
Trade payables	5	108.932	198.97
	10		115 (0

Current Liabilities		268.681	1.084.816
Trade payables	5	108.932	198.971
Due to related parties	18	108.932	117.421
Other trade payables		-	81.550
Other payables	6	15.475	20.042
Due to related parties	18	-	7.134
Other payables		15.475	12.908
Short term provisions		144.274	865.803
Employee benefits	10	16.248	74.604
Other short term provisions	9	128.026	791.199
Non-current Liabilities		120.797	109.026
Long term provisions		120.797	109.026
Employee benefits	10	120.797	109.026
EQUITY		247.803.601	260.683.007
Paid-in capital	12	160.599.284	160.599.284
Inflation adjustment to share capital		968.610	968.610
Share premium		59.922	59.922
Restricted reserves	12	27.877.230	25.458.382
Retained earnings	12	41.145.895	69.219.901
Profit for the period		17.152.660	4.376.908
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Y	248.193.079	261.876.849

İŞ YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI AŞ STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

		Reviewed 1 January – 30 June	Reviewed 1 January – 30 June	Not Reviewed 1 April – 30 June	Not Reviewed 1 April – 30 June
	Notes	2014	2013	2014	2013
CONTINUING OPERATIONS					
Sales	13	146.702.683	184.848.591	65.541.132	82.746.737
Cost of sales (-)	14	(129.266.345)	(177.634.216)	(52.844.756)	(85.510.694)
GROSS PROFIT		17.436.338	7.214.375	12.696.376	(2.763.957)
Administrative expenses (-)	15	(946.851)	(789.635)	(469.425)	(378.655)
Other operating expenses (-)	16	(5.248)	(44.322)	(2.624)	(15.837)
Other operating incomes	16	668.421	-	-	-
OPERATING PROFIT/ (LOSS)		17.152.660	6.380.418	12.224.327	(3.158.449)
OPERATING PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE					
FINANCING EXPENSES		17.152.660	6.380.418	12.224.327	(3.158.449)
Finance expenses (-)		-	-	-	-
PROFIT/ (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX		17.152.660	6.380.418	12.224.327	(3.158.449)
					(612001137)
Tax income / (expense) on continuing operations		_	_	_	_
•					
PROFIT / (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		17.152.660	6.380.418	12.224.327	(3.158.449)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS					-
PROFIT /(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		17.152.660	6.380.418	12.224.327	(3.158.449)
Basic earnings share (per value of TL 1) from continuing operations	17	0,1068	0,0397	0,0761	(0,0197)
Diluted earnings share (per value of 1 TL)		,	,	,	,
from continuing operations	17	0,1068	0,0397	0,0761	(0,0197)

İŞ YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI AŞ STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	Reviewed	Reviewed	Not Reviewed	Not Reviewed
	1 January – 30 June	1 January – 30 June	1 April – 30 June	1 April – 30 June
	2014	2013	2014	2013
PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	17.152.660	6.380.418	12.224.327	(3.158.449)
Items that will never be reclassified to				
profit or loss Remeasurements of defined benefit	-	-	-	-
liability / asset	-	-	-	-
Items that are or may be reclassified to				
profit or loss	-	-	-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	17.152.660	6.380.418	12.224.327	(3.158.449)

İŞ YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI AŞ STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

						Accumula	ted Profits	
	Notes	Paid-in capital	Inflation adjustment to share capital	Share premium	Restricted reserves	Retained earnings	Profit / (Loss) for the year	Equity
1 January 2013		160.599.284	968.610	59.922	20.673.453	58.580.118	47.526.852	288.408.239
Transfers		-	-	-	4.784.929	42.741.923	(47.526.852)	-
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	6.380.418	6.380.418
Dividends paid		-	-	_	-	(32.119.857)	-	(32.119.857)
Balances at 30 June 2013		160.599.284	968.610	59.922	25.458.382	69.202.184	6.380.418	262.668.800
1 January 2014		160.599.284	968.610	59.922	25.458.382	69.219.901	4.376.908	260.683.007
Transfers	12	-	-	-	2.418.848	1.958.060	(4.376.908)	-
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	17.152.660	17.152.660
Dividends paid	12	-	-	-	-	(30.032.066)	-	(30.032.066)
Balances at 30 June 2014		160.599.284	968.610	59.922	27.877.230	41.145.895	17.152.660	247.803.601

İŞ YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI AŞ STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

		Daviawad	Daviawad
		Reviewed	Reviewed
		1 January –	1 January –
	N 7-4	30 June	30 June
	Notes	2014	2013
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net profit / (loss) for the period		17.152.660	6.380.418
Profit /(loss)reconciliation adjustments for the period:			
Fair value gains / (losses)	13	(7.990.071)	6.763.643
Depreciation and amortisation	7,8	19.844	22.841
Increase in provision for employee benefits	10	11.771	10.625
Change in provision expense	9	(663.173)	31.673
Change in interest accruals		(736)	(9.090)
Dividend income	13	(606.203)	(2.320.061)
Portfolio management commission and other accrued expenses	5	108.932	416.281
1 ortiono management commission and other accraca expenses	3	8.033.024	11.296.330
Change in working capital:		0.025.024	11.270.000
Change in financial investment		21.587.493	40.937.087
Change in trade receivables		2.084.853	(2.765.234)
Change in other receivables		2.001.033	3.427
Change in other current assets		2.350	(19.299)
Change in trade payables		(198.971)	(117.360)
Change in other payables		(4.567)	(56.926)
Employee benefits paid	10	(58.356)	(53.540)
Employee benefits para	10	23.412.802	37.928.155
Cash inflows from operating activities		25.412.002	07.720.133
Dividends received	13	606.203	2.320.061
Net cash from operating activities	13	24.019.005	40.248.216
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of tangible assets and intangible assets	7,8	(18.516)	(9.604)
Net cash used in investing activities		(18.516)	(9.604)
C C L CH EL ONIC ED ON EDITANONIC A CENTERIC			
C.CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	12	(20,022,066)	(22,110,057)
Dividends paid	12	(30.032.066)	(32.119.857)
Net cash used in financing activities		(30.032.066)	(32.119.857)
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVA	LENTS		
BEFORE THE EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATION		2.001.447	19.415.085
D. EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASE	H AND CASH	-	-
NET INCREASE / (DECRASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVAL	ENTS	2.001.447	19.415.085
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF		9.922.249	706.703
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF PERIOD	3	11.923.696	20.121.788
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF PERIOD	J	11.743.070	40.141./88

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1. ORGANISATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY

The purpose of İş Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ ("the Company") is to perform capital market activities in accordance with its Articles of Association and Capital Markets Law and the related regulation. In accordance with the Capital Markets Board's Communiqué No: III-48.2," Principles Concerning Investment Trusts" issued on 29 August 2013, due to A and B type investment trust distinction has been abolished, the Company's existing title of İş B Tipi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ, amended as İş Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ as of 11 April 2014.

The Company was established at 1995 and operates in İş Kuleleri Kule 1, Kat: 5 Levent / Istanbul. The main shareholder of the Company is İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş which is a subsidiary of Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. The Company was offered to public on 1 April 1996. The operating activity of the Company is portfolio management and as at 30 June 2014 the average number of employees of the Company is 5 (31 December 2013: 4). The company has no participations, subsidiaries or joint ventures. The Company's portfolio is professionally managed by İş Portföy Yönetimi AŞ in accordance with the principle of risk diversification.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Basis of Presentation

2.1.1 Accounting principles and statement of compliance to TAS

The Company prepared the financial statements for the six months period ended as of 30 June 2014 in accordance with the Communiqué Serial Number II, No: 14.1, "Communiqué of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" ("Communiqué") issued by the Capital Market Board ("CMB") at Official Gazette dated 13 June 2013 and numbered 28676, and in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") which was communicated by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Agency ("POA"). TAS; Turkish Accounting Standards, is comprised by Turkish Financial Reporting Standards' supplements and explanations.

As per the 17 March 2005 dated resolution of the CMB, it was decided that the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for the companies operating in Turkey and preparing the financial statements in accordance with the CMB Accounting Standards beginning from 1 January 2005. Therefore, starting from 1 January 2005, TAS 29: "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies", has not been applied in the financial statements.

The financial statements and its explanatory notes have been prepared in accordance with the announcement regarding CMB's Communiqué.

The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except for the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Historical cost is based on the actual amount on money paid for assets. As at 30 June 2014, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, other comprehensive income and notes to the financial statements for the six months period ended of the Company have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 1 August 2014.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English:

As explained in note 2.1, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position of the Company and results of its operations in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Turkey.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.1.2 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Company are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment (functional currency) in which the entity operates. The financial position and the results of the Company's operations have been expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL"), which are the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency of the financial statements.

2.1.3 Comparative information

The accompanying financial statements have been comparatively prepared with the prior period to determine the trends in financial position, performance and cash flows of the Company. If the presentation or classification of the financial statements is changed, in order to maintain comparability, financial statements of the prior periods are also reclassified and respective disclosures for the situations are made.

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Errors

Material changes in accounting policies or material errors (if any) are corrected, retrospectively; restating the prior period financial statements. The Company has applied its accounting policies consistently with prior year. There are not any significant changes in accounting policies or detected material errors of the Company in the current period.

2.3 Changes in Accounting Estimates

If the changes in accounting estimates are related with a period, they are applied in the period they are related with and if the changes are related with the future periods, they are applied both in the period the change is made and prospectively in future periods. There are not any significant changes in accounting estimates of the Company in the current period.

2.4 Standards and interpretations implemented and not yet adopted as at 30 June 2014

Standards and interpretations that are effective in 2014

The Company has applied all the standards issued by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Agency and all interpretations issued by Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and Turkish accounting standards which are effective as of related period.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.4 Standards and interpretations implemented and not yet adopted as at 30 June 2014 (continued)

Standards and interpretations that are not yet effective as of 30 June 2014

There are a set of updates to new standards and interpretations are not yet effective and are not early adopted to financial statements for the six months period ended as of 30 June 2014.

IFRS 9 (2010) introduces a new requirement in respect of financial liabilities. Amendments to IFRS 9 (2011), will affect the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated under the fair value option to generally present fair value changes that are attributable to the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income rather than in profit or loss. The amendments will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The Company has not planned the early adoption of this standard and not evaluated the potential effect of this standard.

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue and cost of sales

The company revenue consist of the sales of securities, redeem and interest income, dividends, net valuation gain / (loss) and derivative income /expenses. Income on securities sale and purchases are recorded as income to the profit or loss on the settlement date of transaction; dividend and similar revenues from share certificates are recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established. Interest income, commission expenses and other expenses are recognized as income on an accrual basis. Interest income include the fixed rate coupon payments, interest income from money market placements and reverse repurchase agreements and income from trading securities given as collateral.

Costs of sales consist of the cost of sales of securities in the portfolio, commission and clearing expenses. Commission expenses are recognized on an accrual basis.

Fee and commissions

Fee and commissions mainly include commissions given to İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ which is brokerage company and to İş Portföy Yönetimi AŞ as portfolio management fees. All fee and commissions are recognised in profit or loss on an accrual basis.

Tangible assets

Items of tangible assets acquired before 1 January 2005 are stated at cost adjusted for the effects of inflation through 31 December 2004, and tangible assets acquired after 1 January 2005 are recorded at their historical costs less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Tangible assets are depreciated principally on a straight-line basis considering estimated useful lives. Estimated useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed every year to estimate the possible effects of changes and if there is a change in estimation, revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The estimated useful lives of tangible assets are as follows:

Tangible Assets	Estimated Useful Life (Year)
Furniture and fixtures	4 - 5 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent costs

The costs of replacing a component of an item of tangible asset is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the component will flow to the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. All other costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Gains and losses of sale of a tangible asset is determined by offsetting the carrying value with recovered amount and recognized through profit or loss in the other operating income / loss account.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired before 1 January 2005 are stated at cost adjusted for the effects of inflation through 31 December 2004, and intangible assets purchased after 1 January 2005 are recorded at their acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortised principally on a straight-line basis considering the estimated useful lives. Estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed every year to estimate the possible effects of changes and changes in estimation accounted for prospectively. Intangible assets are comprised of information technologies and computer softwares. Purchased computer software are capitalized on purchasing costs incurred during the purchase and until they are ready to use. Intangible assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives (3 years) from the date of acquisition.

Impairment of assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined; if no impairment loss had been recognized.

Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period which they are incurred.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets

All financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date where the purchase or sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus transaction costs except for those financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss, 'held-to-maturity investments', 'available-for-sale' ("AFS") financial assets and 'loans and receivables'.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Income related with financial assets which are classified as not financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is calculated by using effective interest method.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

Held-to-maturity investments

As at reporting period ended, the Company has no held to maturity investment securities in its portfolio.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available for sale financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus the transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition costs. After the initial recognition, available for sale investment securities are measured at fair value if respective fair values can be reliably measured; all unquoted available for sale stocks are recorded by considering impairment, since respective fair values cannot be reliably measured.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Reverse repurchase agreements

Marketable securities held as part of resale agreement commitments ("reverse repo") are accounted for under cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position. The difference between purchase and resale prices is accounted for as interest and amortized during the period of the agreement.

Loans and receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment. As at 30 June 2014, the Company has no any credit transaction (31 December 2013: None).

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted. For loans and receivables carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss.

With the exception of available for sale equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

In respect of AFS equity securities, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments which their maturities are three months or less from date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

The Company has no financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Share capital

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

Share capital and dividends

Common shares are classified as issued capital. Dividends on common shares are reclassified as dividend payables by netting off from the retained earnings in the period in which they are approved and disclosed.

Foreign currency transactions

In the preparation of the financial statements of the Company, transactions in foreign currencies(other currencies except TL) are recorded at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions Monetary assets and liabilities indexed foreign exchange in the financial position are translated into TL at exchange rates at the end of the reporting period.

As at 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013, the Company has no transactions in foreign currencies.

Earnings per share

Earnings per shares are calculated by dividing profit or loss by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

In Turkey, companies can raise their share capital by distributing "bonus shares" to shareholders from retained earnings. In computing earnings per share, such "bonus share" distributions are assessed as issued shares. Accordingly, the retrospective effect for those share distributions is taken into consideration in determining the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used in this computation.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period represent the events that occur against or on behalf of the Company between the reporting date and the date when statement of financial position was authorised for the issue. If there is evidence of such events as of reporting date or if such events occur after reporting date and if adjustments are necessary, the Company's financial statements are adjusted according to the new situation. The Company discloses the post-balance sheet events that are not adjusting events but material.

Leasing transactions

Finance lease

Leases in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. On initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value deducting accumulated depreciation and impairment and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. As of 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013, the Company has not any finance lease transactions.

Operating lease

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Related parties

In the accompanying financial statements, key management personnel of the Company and Board of Directors, their family and controlled or dependent companies, associates and subsidiaries are all accepted and referred to as related parties ("Related Parties"). Shareholders, Board of Directors and Audit Committee members are also included in the related parties. Related party transactions are explained as the transfer of the asset and liabilities between institutions with or without a charge.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

According to "TAS 37 - Turkish Accounting Standards on provisions, contingent liabilities and assets" a provision is recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the specified criteria are not met, the Company discloses the related issues in the accompanying notes.

Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the assets and related income are recognized in the financial statements in which the change occurs.

Segment reporting

Since the Company does not have operating segments whose operating results are separately reviewed and performances assessed by the decision makers of the Company, no segment reporting information is considered as necessary.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Taxation

Effective from 1 January 2006, in accordance with Article 5/(1)-d of the Corporate Tax Law dated 21 June 2006 and No: 5520, portfolio management income by securities investment funds and trusts founded in Turkey are exempt from corporate tax. This exemption is also applied to the advance corporate tax. This exemption is also applicable to Quarterly Advance Corporate Tax.

Based on Article 15 (3) of the Corporate Tax Law, 15% withholding tax is deducted against the portfolio management income, which is exempt from tax, whether it is distributed or not. The Council of Ministers is authorized to reduce the deduction rates referred to in the Article 15 of the Corporate Tax Law to nil or to increase it up to the corporate tax rate and differentiate the related deduction according to fund and entity types or the nature and distribution of the assets of the portfolio of such funds and entities within the related limits. Accordingly, the mentioned effective tax rate is 0% on portfolio management income based on the Council of Ministers decision No: 2009/14594.

According to the Corporate Tax Law numbered 5520, Article 34, 8th Clause, tax stoppage of incomes arising from portfolio management of security investing funds and partnerships' should be deducted from corporate tax stoppage, or if this is not an option, should be refunded upon application. It is required that the stoppage has been paid to tax authorities.

Based on the Law No: 5281, effective between 1 January 2006 and 31 December 2015 in accordance with the Law No: 5527 which added to the Income Tax Law through of the law numbered 193 and Temporary Article 67/ (1), the rate of income tax deduction is 0% for gains derived from the alienation and retention of the marketable securities and other capital market instruments as from 1 October 2006.

In accordance with Corporate Tax Law and Income Tax Law, there is no further withholding tax for the gain from marketable securities investment funds and marketable securities investment trusts under the Temporary Article 67, 2nd and 4th numbered clauses.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Employee Benefits

Reserve for employee severance indemnity

Under the Turkish law and union agreements, lump sum payments are made to employees retiring or involuntarily leaving the Company. Such payments are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per International Accounting Standard No. 19 (revised) "Employee Benefits" ("IAS 19").

The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the financial statements represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation. All actuarial gains and losses have been recognized in the other comprehensive income.

The main assumptions used in net present value calculation are as follows:

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
	(%)	(%)
Net discount rate	3,00	3,00
Turnover rate to estimate the probability of retirement	100	100

Pension Plans

The Company does not have any pension and post employment benefit plans.

Statement of Cash Flows

In the statement of cash flows, the cash flows for the period are reported with a classification of operating, investment and financing activities. Cash flows related with operating activities compose of cash flows arising from portfolio management operations of the Company. Cash flows related with investment activities compose of cash flows that the Company uses in investment activities or generates from investment activities (tangible investments). Cash flows related with financing activities represent resources that the Company uses for financing activities and the reimbursements of such resources.

Turkish Derivatives Exchange market ("TDE") transactions

All cash collaterals given by the Company for the transactions made in the TDE are classified as trade receivables as gross. Gains and losses arising from the transactions in the current period are recognised in profit or loss from main operations. The net amount of fair value differences recognised in profit or loss, and interest income from the remaining part of the collateral amounts arising from the open transactions are presented in trade receivables.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.6 Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Communiqué requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. The estimates are used particularly in the following notes:

Note 10 – Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Note 11 – Provisions for the the employee benefits

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

			20 I.m. 2014	21 December 2012
			30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Cash at banks			3.696	12,249
Demand deposits and cash			3.696	12.249
Receivables from money marke	t		20.005	910.206
Receivables from reverse repo a			11.902.722	9.001.785
Total			11.926.423	9.924.240
Receivables from money market	placements:			
	Interest Rate	Maturity	Cost	Carrying Value
30 June 2014				
TL	8,95%	1 July 2014	20.000	20.005
	Interest Rate	Maturity	Cost	Carrying Value
	Interest Rate	Maturity	Cost	Carrying value
31 December 2013				
TL	8,15%	2 January 2013	910.000	910.206
			910.000	910.206
Receivables from reverse repo ag	greements:			
	Interest Rate	Maturity	Cost	Carrying Value
30 June 2014				
TL	8,35%	1 July 2014	11.900.000	11.902.722
			11.900.000	11.902.722
	Interest Rate	Maturity	Cost	Carrying Value
31 December 2013				
TL	7,24%	2 January 2014	9.000.000	9.001.785
			9.000.000	9.001.785

As of 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2013, cash and cash equivalents less accrued income interest and increment value accruals in the statement of cash flows are as follows:

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
Cash and cash equivalents	11.926.423	20.130.979
Accrued interest income	(2.727)	(9.191)
	11.923.696	20.121.788

Explanations about the nature and level of risk of cash and cash equivalents are summarized in Note 19.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss Available for sale investment securities	234.652.073 1	248.249.495 1
Total	234.652.074	248.249.496

The Company's investment securities are mainly held for trading instruments and measured at fair value.

As of 30 June 2014, available for sale investment securities are carried at cost comprising TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme AŞ shares amounting to TL 1 (31 December 2013: TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme AŞ shares amounting to TL 1).

		30 June 2014	
Financial assets at fair value through		Fair	Carrying
profit/loss	Nominal	Value	Value
Debt securities			
Government bonds	95.400.000	96.651.003	96.651.003
Private sector bonds	107.480.000	108.276.381	108.276.381
Total	202.880.000	204.927.384	204.927.384
Share certificates			
Quoted share certificates	4.826.216	29.724.689	29.724.689
Total	207.706.216	234.652.073	234.652.073
	3	31 December 2013	
Financial assets at fair value through		Fair	Carrying
profit/loss	Nominal	Value	Value
Debt securities			
Government bonds	113.300.000	111.192.398	111.192.398
Private sector bonds	92.448.831	92.923.266	92.923.266
Total	205.748.831	204.115.664	204.115.664
Share certificates			
Quoted share certificates	7.477.414	44.133.831	44.133.831
	213.226.245	248.249.495	248.249.495

As of 30 June 2014, interest rates of debt securities classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss are between 7,5% - 12,6% per annum (31 December 2013: 7%-12,9%).

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND TRADE PAYABLES

As at 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013, the Company has neither past due nor doubtful trade receivables. As of 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013, the detailed information on short-term trade receivables is as follows:

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
TDE transaction collaterals	906.908	3.596.261
Receivables from sale of marketable securities	604.500	-
Total	1.511.408	3.596.261

As at 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013, the detailed information on short-term trade payables is as follows:

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Portfolio management commission (Note 18)	92.744	99.083
Commissions payable (Note 18)	13.236	18.338
Short term due to related parties (Note 18)	2.952	-
Marketable securities purchase payable	-	81.550
Total	108.932	198.971

The nature and level of risks for trade receivables and payables are disclosed in Note 19.

6. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER PAYABLES

As at 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013, the detailed information on short-term other receivables are as follows:

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Tax payables	15.415	12.848
Other miscellaneous payables	60	60
Other payables to related parties (Note 18)	-	7.134
Total	15.475	20.042

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

7. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Furniture and	Leasehold	
	fixtures	improvements	Total
Cost			
1 January 2014 opening balance	157.311	61.216	218.527
Purchases	-	-	_
30 June 2014 closing balance	157.311	61.216	218.527
Assessed to delicate the second			
Accumulated depreciation	(112 220)	(12.667)	(125,005)
1 January 2014 opening balance	(113.238)	(12.667)	(125.905)
Charge for the year	(6.986)	(6.122)	(13.108)
30 June 2014 closing balance	(120.224)	(18.789)	(139.013)
Net carrying amount			
1 January 2014	44.073	48.549	92.622
I January 2017			
30 June 2014	37.087	42.427	79.514
	Furniture and	Leasehold	
		·	79.514 Total
30 June 2014 Cost	Furniture and Fixtures	Leasehold improvements	Total
Cost 1 January 2013 opening balance	Furniture and Fixtures	Leasehold improvements 58.467	Total 209.332
Cost 1 January 2013 opening balance Purchases	Furniture and Fixtures 150.865 6.446	Leasehold improvements 58.467 2.749	Total 209.332 9.195
30 June 2014 Cost	Furniture and Fixtures	Leasehold improvements 58.467	Total
Cost 1 January 2013 opening balance Purchases	Furniture and Fixtures 150.865 6.446	Leasehold improvements 58.467 2.749	Total 209.332 9.195
Cost 1 January 2013 opening balance Purchases 30 June 2013 closing balance	Furniture and Fixtures 150.865 6.446	Leasehold improvements 58.467 2.749	Total 209.332 9.195
Cost 1 January 2013 opening balance Purchases 30 June 2013 closing balance Accumulated depreciation	Furniture and Fixtures 150.865 6.446 157.311	Leasehold improvements 58.467 2.749 61.216	209.332 9.195 218.527
Cost 1 January 2013 opening balance Purchases 30 June 2013 closing balance Accumulated depreciation 1 January 2013 opening balance	Furniture and Fixtures 150.865 6.446 157.311	Leasehold improvements 58.467 2.749 61.216	Total 209.332 9.195 218.527
Cost 1 January 2013 opening balance Purchases 30 June 2013 closing balance Accumulated depreciation 1 January 2013 opening balance Charge for the year 30 June 2013 closing balance	Furniture and Fixtures 150.865 6.446 157.311 (94.866) (11.295)	Leasehold improvements 58.467 2.749 61.216 (974) (5.847)	Total 209.332 9.195 218.527 (95.840) (17.142)
Cost 1 January 2013 opening balance Purchases 30 June 2013 closing balance Accumulated depreciation 1 January 2013 opening balance Charge for the year	Furniture and Fixtures 150.865 6.446 157.311 (94.866) (11.295)	Leasehold improvements 58.467 2.749 61.216 (974) (5.847)	Total 209.332 9.195 218.527 (95.840) (17.142)

As at 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2013, there is no pledge on tangible assets.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Other intangible	
	assets (*)	Total
Cost		
1 January 2014 opening balance	59.249	59.249
Purchases	18.516	18.516
30 June 2014 closing balance	77.765	77.765
Accumulated depreciation		
1 January 2014 opening balance	(50.257)	(50.257)
Charge for the year	(6.736)	(6.736)
30 June 2014 closing balance	(56.993)	(56.993)
Net carrying amount		
1 January 2014	8,992	8.992
30 June 2014	20.772	20.772
2011	20.7,2	20.772
	Other intangible	
	assets (*)	Total
Cost		
1 January 2013 opening balance	58.840	58.840
Purchases	409	409
30 June 2013 closing balance	59.249	59.249
Accumulated depreciation		
1 January 2013 opening balance	(39.659)	(39.659)
Charge for the year	(5.699)	(5.699)
30 June 2013 closing balance	(45.358)	(45.358)
Net carrying amount		
1 January 2013	19.181	19.181
30 June 2013	13.891	13.891

^(*)Comprised of software.

As at 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2013, the Company does not have any internally generated intangible assets.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

9. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Provisions

Based on the amendments to article 29/t of Expense Taxes Law numbered 6802 in respect to clause 32/8 of Law numbered 5838, the effective date of exemption in regards to Banking and Insurance Transactions Tax ("BITT") levied on transactions performed in capital markets for investment trusts is 1 March 2009. In this respect, the Company has provided a BITT provision amounting to TL 791.199 principal and overdue interest as at 31 December 2013 with regards to 2008 and January – February 2009 transactions based on the best estimates and accordingly recognised additional provision amounting to TL 5,248 under other operating expenses. During the period, due to related liability has timed out, the portion belongs to the year 2008 amounting TL 668.421 over the total provision amounts to TL 791.199 was reversed and recognized as other operating income.

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Short-term provisions for employee benefits

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Unused vacation pay liability and provision for employee bonuses	16.248	74.604
Total	16.248	74.604

In accordance with existing Turkish Labour Law, the Company is required to make lump-sum severance indemnities to each employee who has completed one year of service with the Company and whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct. As at the reporting date, provision for unused vacation pay liability is the liability of the Company that is the undiscounted total amount of the days that were deserved but not used by the employees.

As at 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013, movement of unused vacation pay liabilities and employee bonuses are as follows:

	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
Opening balance	74.604	75.336
Vacation and employee bonuses paid	(58.356)	(53.540)
Provisions closing balance	16.248	21.796
Long-term provisions for employee benefits		
	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Employee severance indemnity	120.797	109.026
Total	120.797	109.026

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Employee Severance Indemnity:

Under Turkish Labour Law, the Company is required to pay employment termination benefits to each employee whose employment is terminated by gaining the right to receive the termination benefits. In addition, based on the amended 60th article of the current Social Insurance Law's numbered 506 together with amendments dated 6 March 1981, numbered 2422, dated 25 August 1999 and numbered 4447, the Group is obliged to pay termination benefits to the employees who are quitted by gaining right to receive their termination benefits. Some provisions for the pre-retirement service conditions are abolished from the law with amendment on 23 May 2002.

The reserve for severance pay liability as at 30 June 2014 is based on the monthly ceiling amounting to TL 3.438,22 (31 December 2013: TL 3.254,44).

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of employees. TAS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. Accordingly, the actuarial assumptions explained in the following paragraph were used in the calculation of the total liability.

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase parallel to the change in inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as at 30 June 2014, the provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees. The provisions at the end of the reporting period is calculated assuming an annual inflation rate of 5,00% and a discount rate of 8,15%, resulting in a net discount rate of approximately 3% (31 December 2013: 3% net discount rate is calculated assuming an annual inflation rate of 5% and a discount rate of 8,15%). The probability of voluntarily leaves is also considered in the calculation. Severance pay ceiling amount is updated in once every six months.

	1 January – 30 June 2014	1 January – 30 June 2013
Opening balance at 1 January	109.026	122.880
Service cost	5.698	5.277
Interest cost	6.073	5.348
Actuarial (gains) / losses	-	-
Closing balance	120.797	133.505

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

11. OTHER ASSETS

Other current assets	30 June 2014	31 December 2013	
Prepaid expenses	2.567	5.238	
Advances given	321	-	
Total	2.888	5.238	

12. EQUITY

Paid-in Capital

The structure of the Company's paid-in share capital as at 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013 is as follows:

Shareholders	Group	Shareholding Interest (%)	30 June 2014	Shareholding Interest (%)	31 December 2013
	•				
İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	(A)	1,46	2.347.411	1,46	2.347.411
İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	(B)	27,47	44.106.690	26,44	42.466.693
T.Sınai Kalkınma Bankası AŞ	(B)	1,72	2.757.169	1,72	2.757.169
Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler AŞ	(A)	0,73	1.185.072	0,73	1.185.072
Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler AŞ	(B)	0,39	618.429	0,39	618.429
Anadolu Hayat Emeklilik AŞ	(A)	0,37	592.536	0,37	592.536
Anadolu Hayat Emeklilik AŞ	(B)	0,36	574.662	0,36	574.662
Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şirketi	(B)	0,17	278.394	0,17	278.394
Other	(B)	67,33	108.138.921	68,36	109.778.918
Total share capital		100,00	160.599.284	100,00	160.599.284

The total number of ordinary shares consists of 16.059.928.400 shares with a par value of Kuruş 1 (one) per share and TL 4.125.019 of the total amount is Group (A), TL 156.474.265 of the total amount is Group (B) shares. Group (A) shareholders have the privilege to nominate candidates during the Board of Directors member elections, Group (A) shareholders have 1.000.000 (one million) right to vote while Group (B) shareholders have 1 (one) right to vote. The Company's A group shares does not include any classes of preference shares. Earnings per share are the same for both preference shares and ordinary shares.

86,65% of the Company's shares are traded on Istanbul Stock Exchange. 19.32% of the Company's publicly held shares are held by İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

12. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

Restricted Reserves

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Legal reserves	27.877.230	25.458.382
Total	27.877.230	25.458.382

The legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves, appropriated in accordance with the Article 519 of 6102 numbered Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), are not distributable to shareholders. The first legal reserve is appropriated out of historical statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the historical paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated after the first legal reserve and dividends, at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash dividend distributions.

As at 30 June 2014, in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code numbered 6102, Article 519, the Company has transferred its retained earnings amounting to TL 2.418.848 to legal reserves amounting to TL 25.458.382 with the resolution of General Assembly meeting held on 26 March 2014 and legal reserves of the Company increased to TL 27.877.230.

Retained Earnings

Extraordinary reserve classified as retained earnings is TL 41.128.178 as of 30 June 2014 (31 December 2013: TL 69.202.184). Retain earnings include TL 17.717 actuarial difference.

Dividend Distribution

At the Ordinary General Assembly of shareholders held on 26 March 2014, the Company has decided to transfer TL 1.958.060 from profit for the year 2013 and TL 28.074.006 from extraordinary reserves to dividend distribution amounting to TL 30.032.066 that is 18,7% of the Company's share capital, in cash until 28 March 2014. The distribution of dividends in cash has started on 28 March 2014 and completed on 1 April 2014.

Dividend distribution is performed as follows:

	Amount
A- First legal reserve (TCC 519/a-c)	2.418.848
B- Dividend distributed to shareholders in cash	1.958.060
Total	4.376.908

Distribution of profit from operating activities of the Company is determined in accordance with CMB regulations.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

13. REVENUE

14.

Sales	1 January - 30 June 2014	1 January - 30 June 2013	1 April - 30 June 2014	1 April - 30 June 2013
Sale of share certificates	74.612.731	158.856.470	43.796.022	85.368.944
Sale of bonds	54.880.591	24.976.726	11.279.120	4.674.236
Total	129.493.322	183.833.196	55.075.142	90.043.180
Other Operating Income / (Losses)				
Redeem and interest income	9.520.560	5.544.023	4.027.698	2.488.100
Increase / (decrease) in value of government				
bonds, net	5.704.518	(5.689.070)	6.184.059	(4.997.534)
Increase / (decrease) in value of share				
certificates, net	2.285.553	(1.074.573)		(9.447.030)
Dividend income	606.203	2.320.061	166.468	1.544.202
Interest income on reverse repo transactions	362.629	216.587	199.409	146.167
Commission income from security lending	-	607	-	-
Gain / (loss) on trading of derivative	(1.250.102)	(202.240)	(000 007)	2 0 6 0 6 5 2
transactions, net	(1.270.102)	(302.240)	(982.337)	2.969.652
Subtotal	17.209.361	1.015.395	10.465.990	(7.296.443)
TOTAL REVENUE	146.702.683	184.848.591	65.541.132	82.746.737
COST OF SALES				
Cost of Sales	1 January - 30 June 2014	1 January - 30 June 2013	1 April - 30 June 2014	1 April - 30 June 2013
Cost of sales of share certificates Cost of sales of government bonds and treasury	72.893.380	150.819.169	41.284.362	79.874.644
bills	55.248.387	24.983.443	10.975.686	4.602.361
Subtotal	128.141.767	175.802.612	52.260.048	84.477.005
Intermediary commission expenses (Note 18) Portfolio management commission expenses	541.420	883.520	302.708	420.527
(Note 18)	566.587	930.591	273.989	602.018
Custody and commission expenses	16.571	17.493	8.011	11.144
Subtotal	1.124.578	1.831.604	584.708	1.033.689
TOTAL COST OF SALES	129.266.345	177 634 216	52.844.756	85 510 694

İŞ YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI AŞ NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

15. OPERATING EXPENSES

	1 January -	1 January -	1 April -	1 April -
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Personnel wages and expenses	341.147	199.848	147.503	99.176
Board of directors attendance fees	242.550	241.500	127.050	115.500
Rent expenses	84.415	68.254	41.277	34.570
Audit fees	65.011	44.209	4.573	4.261
Listing expenses	42.157	20.075	42.157	10.038
System expenses	26.231	29.370	15.692	22.415
Operating expenses	23.123	25.334	11.709	11.642
Depreciation and amortization	19.844	22.841	10.377	9.309
Membership fees	19.894	10.046	19.894	10.046
Internal control and risk management				
expenses	5.905	5.509	2.953	2.755
Other expenses	76.574	122.649	46.240	58.943
Total	946.851	789.635	469.425	378.655

Personnel wages and expenses

	1 January -	1 January -	1 April -	1 April -
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Salaries and wages	270.220	153.516	120.543	76.758
Social security expenses	33.636	23.657	17.869	12.707
Provision for employee severance				
indemnity	11.771	10.625	2.840	3.421
Other personnel expenses	25.520	12.050	6.251	6.290
Total	341.147	199.848	147.503	99.176

16. OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES

As explained in Note 10, the amount of TL 668.421 included in other operating income, is the allocated part of BITT provision has been cancelled. The amount of TL 5.248 included in other operating expenses is related to BITT provision in the period between January-February 2009 as described in Note 9. (30 June 2013: TL 44.322)

17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	1 January - 30 June 2014	1 January - 30 June 2013
Nominal value of current shares during the period (TL) Issued bonus shares	160.599.284	160.599.284
Nominal value of shares in circulation as of 30 June (total)	160.599.284	160.599.284
Net profit/(loss) for the period (TL) Earnings per share (TL) (per value of TL 1)	17.152.660 0,1068	6.380.418 0,0397

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Details of related party balances are as follows:

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Cash and cash equivalents		
Türkiye İş Bankası Anonim Şirketi (Demand deposit)	3.691	12.249
Total	3.691	12.249

Financial investments at fair value through profit or loss

As of 30 June 2014, the Company's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include related company shares with a nominal value amounting to TL 2.959.608 and fair value amounting to TL 6.194.257, and related company private sector bonds with a nominal value amounting to TL 14.580.000 and fair value amounting to TL 11.196.484 (31 December 2013: related company shares amounting to TL 3.465.007 nominal amount, TL 7,822,863 fair value amount and related company private sector bonds amounting to TL 11.420.000 nominal amount, TL 11.423.510 fair value amount).

Due to related parties

	30 June 2014	31 December 2013
Trade payables		
Portfolio management commission, premium and other		
service payables		
İş Portföy Yönetimi AŞ	92.744	99.083
İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	16.188	18.338
	108.932	117.421
Other non-trading payables		
T.İş Bankası AŞ	-	5.500
Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şirketi	-	1.634
	-	7.134
Total	108.932	124.555

İŞ YATIRIM ORTAKLIĞI AŞ NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

Transactions during the period

	1 January - 30 June 2014	1 January - 30 June 2013	1 April - 30 June 2014	1 April - 30 June 2013
Intermediary and portfolio management con	mmissions naid t	to related parties		
İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	566.587	930.591	273.989	1.259.164
İş Portföy Yönetimi AŞ	541.420	883.520	302.708	1.346.513
Total	1.108.007	1.814.111	576.697	2.605.677
Administrative expenses	1 January - 30 June 2014	1 January - 30 June 2013	1 April - 30 June 2014	1 April - 30 June 2013
Expenses paid to related parties				
Türkiye İş Bankası AŞ - (rent and other expenses) İşnet Elektronik Bilgi Üretim Dağıtım Tic.	107.538	93.063	52.986	45.686
ve İletişim Hiz. AŞ - (internet usage and other service expenses) İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ - (Internal	4.594	3.972	1.866	1.865
control and risk management expenses) Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şirketi -	5.905	5.509	2.953	2.755
(health insurance expenses) SoftTech Yazılım Teknolojileri Araştırma Geliştirme ve Pazarlama Tic.AŞ (Web	4.937	945	4.426	473
update expenses)	1.045	1.066	250	645
Total	124.019	104.555	62.481	51.424
Dividend income	1 January - 30 June 2014	1 January - 30 June 2013	1 April - 30 June 2014	1 April - 30 June 2013
İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	324.720	657.689	_	363.125
Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası AŞ	62.500	324.545	-	505.125
İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	-	123.900	_	123.900
Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fabrikaları AŞ	2.260	9.467	2.260	9.467
Total	389.480	1.115.601	2.260	496.492

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

Benefits provided to key management personnel, member of board of directors and audit committee are as follows:

	1 January –	1 January -	1 April -	1 April -
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Benefits provided to key management personnel				
Gross wages and other short-term benefits Employee severance indemnity	369.900	332.070	190.725	160.785
	5.285	3.401	1.230	1.031
Total	375.185	335.471	191.955	161.816

19. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Risk Factors

The Company's activities expose to a variety of financial risks: market risk (fair value interest rate risk and share price risk). Market risk is the fluctuations in interest rates and value of marketable securities or other financial agreements that negatively affect the Company. The Company recognise its marketable securities at fair value and monitors the market risk as interest rate risk and share price risk separately. The Company's Board of Directors determine strategy and limits related with portfolio management in certain periods and portfolio of marketable securities are managed within this scope by portfolio directors. The Company receives a regular service from İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. with respect to measurement and reporting of portfolio risk and concerning reports evaluated by Early Detection of Risk Committee and Board of Directors. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the uncertainty of financial markets and seeks to minimize the potential negative effects on the Company's financial performance.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is defined as decrease in value that interest rate fluctuations may arise on the Company's interest rate sensitive assets. The Company has no interest sensitive liabilities.

Interest Risk Position Table								
		30 June 2014	31 December 2013					
Fixed interest rate financia	l instruments	134.931.582	147.610.800					
Financial assets	Financial assets at fair value							
	through profit or loss	123.008.855	137.698.809					
	Receivables from reverse							
	repo agreements	11.902.722	9.001.785					
	Receivables from money							
	market placements	20.005	910.206					
Financial liabilities		-						
Floating interest rate finan	cial instruments	81.918.529	66.416.855					
Financial assets	Financial assets at fair value							
	through profit or loss	81.918.529	66.416.855					
Financial liabilities		-	-					

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

19. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

Debt securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the balance sheet of the Company are exposed to price risk due to interest rate changes. According to the analysis made by the Company as of 30 June 2014, 1% increase or decrease in TL interest rates on condition that all other factors remain stable, causes a decrease amounting to TL 3.721.524 or an increase amounting to TL 4.115.858 in the fair value of debt securities amounting to TL 204.927.384 including net profit in the period and equity of the Company as of 30 June 2014 (According to the analysis as at 30 June 2013 1% increase or decrease in TL interest rates on the condition that all other factors remain stable causes a decrease amounting to TL 3.832.516 or an increase amounting to TL 4.058.708 in fair value of debt securities amounting to TL 178.586.983 including net profit in the period and equity of the Company).

Equity price risk

The Company is also exposed to equity price risk arising from the equity price changes in its portfolio. As of 30 June 2014, if Equity Price Index of the Istanbul Stock Exchange is 10% higher/lower and all other factors remain stable, the Company's net profit and equity is increased or decreased by TL 2.972.469 (30 June 2013: TL 5.447.820).

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

19. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Credit risk

The Company does not have any credit default risk, since the Company does not have extended loans. As of 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013, the Company's credit risk carrying assets are as follows:

Receivables									
	Tra receiv	ade ⁄ables	Oth receiva						
30 June 2014	Related parties	Other parties	Related parties	Other parties	Bank deposits	Receivables from reverse repo and money market placements	Investment securities ⁽²⁾	Derivative instruments	Other
Exposure to maximum credit risk as at the reporting date (A+B+C+D) (1) - Maximum credit risk amount secured with guarantees	-	1.511.408	-	-	3.696	11.922.727	204.927.384	-	-
A. Net carrying value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets Net carrying value of past due but not impaired	-	1.511.408	-	-	3.696	11.922.727	204.927.384	-	-
B. financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net carrying value of impaired assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Past due (Gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Net carrying value secured with guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Not past due (gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment (-)Net carrying value secured with guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	_
D. Off balance sheet items with credit risks	-	- -	<u>-</u>	-	- -	- -	-	- -	<u>-</u>

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

20. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

		Receivables								
			ade	Oth						
		receiv	vables	receiva	ables		Receivables			
							from reverse			
							repo and			
		Related	Other	Related	Other	Bank	money market	Investment	Derivative	
	31 December 2013	parties	parties	parties	parties	deposits	placements	securities (2)	instruments	Other
	Exposure to maximum credit risk as at the									
	reporting date (A+B+C+D) (1)	-	3.596.261	_	-	12.249	9.911.991	204.115.664	-	-
	- Maximum credit risk amount secured with									
	guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.	Net carrying value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets		3.596.261			12.249	9.911.991	204.115.664		
Λ.	Net carrying value of past due but not impaired	_	3.370.201	_	_	12.27)	7.711.771	204.113.004	_	-
B.	financial assets	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
C.	Net carrying value of impaired assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	- Past due (Gross amount)	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- Impairment (-)	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- Net carrying value secured with guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- Not past due (gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- Net carrying value secured with guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D.	Off balance sheet items with credit risks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

^{1.} Items such as guarantees received, which increase the credibility, are not included in the determination of the balance.

^{2.} Investment securities comprise of government bonds amounting to TL 96.651.003 (31 December 2013: TL 111.192.398). Since share certificates are not exposed to credit risk, they are not included in investment securities.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

19. NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of changes in the foreign currency denominated monetary assets, monetary liabilities and off-balance sheet items due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. As at 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013, the Company does not have any assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk may occur as a result of inability in funding of long term assets with a short term liabilities. The Company's total assets are almost comprised of cash and cash equivalents and investment securities due to the nature of the Company's operations. The Company's management approach is to finance assets through the equity in order to minimize liquidity risk.

The Company has no derivative liabilities. Non-derivative financial liabilities as of 30 June 2014 and 31 December 2013 based on the discounted cash flow of the remaining contract term maturities are as follows:

	30 June 2014						
Contractual maturities	Carrying Value	Total contractual cash outflows	Less than 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities	108.932	108.932	108.932	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	108.932	108.932	108.932	-	-	-	-
	31 December 2013						
Contractual maturities	Carrying Value	Total contractual cash outflows	Less than 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities	198.971	198.971	198.971	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	198.971	198.971	198.971	_	-	_	_

Capital management

The Company manages its capital by allocating its investment risk to the lowest level with effective portfolio management. The aim of the Company is to maintain sustainable returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The balance between the Company's growth expectation and the shareholders' expectation and also the Company's profitability are considered in dividend distribution prepared within the current legislation framework.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Instruments Categories:

30 June 2014	Carrying Value	Fair Value	
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	11.926.423	11.926.423	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	234.652.073	234.652.073	
Trade receivables	1.511.408	1.511.408	
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	108.932	108.932	
Other payables	15.475	15.475	

31 December 2013	Carrying Value	Fair Value	
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9.924.240	9.924.240	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	248.249.495	248.249.495	
Trade receivables	3.596.261	3.596.261	
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	198.971	198.971	
Other payables	20.042	20.042	

Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount in which a financial asset could be exchanged or a liability could be met between knowledgeable and willing parties in transactions effected in accordance with market conditions.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Company using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to develop the estimated fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein may not necessarily be indicative of the amounts that the Company could realize in a current market exchange.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate fair value:

Financial assets

Carrying amounts of financial assets measured at amortized cost including cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature and the assumption of immaterial potential losses in exchange of these assets.

Market prices are used in determination of fair values of debt securities and share certificates.

Financial liabilities

The carrying amount of monetary liabilities approximates their fair values due to their short-term nature.

(Currency: In Turkish Lira ("TL"))

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are determined as follows:

First level: Implies that in determining the fair values of assets and liabilities, active market trading price is used for valuation purposes.

Second level: Implies that in determining the fair values of assets and liabilities, should other market price be observed other than first degree market prices, then observed market price is used for valuation purposes.

Third level: Implies that in determining the fair values of assets and liabilities, data not based on market observation is used for valuation purposes.

Financial assets presented at fair value through profit and loss:

Carrying					
30 June 2014	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss					
Debt securities	204.927.384	204.927.384	-	_	
Quoted share certificates	29.724.689	29.724.689	-	_	
Total	234.652.073	234.652.073	-	_	

	Carrying			
31 December 2013	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss				
Debt securities	204.115.664	204.115.664	-	-
Quoted share certificates	44.133.831	44.133.831	-	-
Total	248.249.495	248.249.495	-	-

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

None.